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Volume 2

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8 Year Follow Up of a Buccal Defect, Long Term Hard and Soft Tissue Stability

PATIENT MEDICAL HISTORY

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Non-contributory medical history

UR4 failed with periapical radiolucency

Case from Dr Peter Fairbairn, United Kingdom



💥 Dr Peter Fairbairn



5. Degranulation post extraction



1. Initial radiograph



2. Soft tissue and buccal defect



3. Soft tissue loss and buccal defect



4. Soft tissue loss and buccal defect



7. Implant placed



9. Radiograph of graft and placement

8 Year Follow Up of a Buccal Defect, Long Term Hard and Soft Tissue Stability



6. EthOss® bone grafting material placed preimplant



8. EthOss bone graft placed



10. Crown fitted at 4 months

8 Year Follow Up of a Buccal Defect, Long Term Hard and Soft Tissue Stability

8 Year Follow Up of a Buccal Defect, Long Term Hard and Soft Tissue Stability



11. Radiograph 4 years loaded



12. At 4 years did a small soft tissue addition



13. Post soft tissue addition



14. Radiograph 5 years loaded



15. Radiograph 6 years loaded



16. Loaded 8 years



17. Radiograph 8 years loaded

Female 35 years old Non-s<u>moker</u>

Tooth extraction due to roots separation in trifurcation area.

Case from Dr Dmytro Dziuba, Estonia



Dr Dmytro Dziuba



5. Implant placement



1. Initial view



3. Checking central position to allow future screw retained crown with ideal screw channel



2. Socket following atraumatic extraction, site degranulated prior to implant placement



4. Checking mesiodistal



7. EthOss® bone grafting material placed into circumferential jump-gap and dried in-situ



9. Connective Tissue Graft (CTG) placed over graft site



6. Radiograph



8. Harvesting the connective tissue graft (CTG) to further enhance soft tissue



10. Post-operative view of healing cap



11. Another view of healing cap immediately after surgery



12. 5 months post surgery



13. View of mature gingival collar and retained ridge form



14. Screw retained and crown fitted



15. Transfer coping was individualised with composite resin



16. Final crown



Female 72 years old Non-smoker

Non-contributory medical history LL6 extracted several years prior to surgery

Case from Dr Kami Karimian, Denmark



H Dr Kami Karimian



4. Lateral view



1. CT planning in LL6 lateral view



6. Incision line



2. CBCT planning in region LL6 frontal view



3. Labial view of pre-operative situation



8. Ridge split design

Ridge Split with Implant and Graft Placement



5. Lateral view



7. Partially retracted flap



9. Ridge split after usage of D-shaped osteotomes and rotary expanders



10. Placed implant with indication of ridge width achieved



11. Another view of placed implant



16. Region LL6 healed occlusal view



12. EthOss® bone grafting material placed both into the gap and buccally



13. Wound closure tension-free with 5-0 Glycolon sutures



18. 6 month follow-up - fitted screw retained crown, side view. Note the keratinized tissue



14. Keratinized tissue moved buccally and sutured



15. 2 weeks post-op - region LL6 healed buccal view



19. 6 month follow-up – final OPG radiograph

Ridge Split with Implant and Graft Placement



17. Fitted screw retained crown, side view

Female 79 year old Non-smoker Non-contributory medical history

Tooth UR2 extracted 4 weeks prior to surgery. On day of surgery, tooth UR3 extracted due to root fracture and main surgery performed 5 weeks later. I-Gen titanium mesh membrane screw retained to implant due to root prominence on UR3. Good ISQ value around 72-74 after 12 weeks of healing

Case from Dr Ludwig Hansson, Sweden



1. Single tooth routine case





2. Tooth UR2 fractured, extraction instead



3. Initial healing 5 weeks – treatment plan amended to include 2 implants



4. Large defect present at implant surgery



5. 2x AnyRidge® implants placed



6. 1cc of EthOss® bone grafting material build-up



7. I-Gen rigid titanium membrane in place to improve site stability



Grafting with Titanium Mesh Membrane



6. Post-surgery



8. Sutures in place, superficial monofilament and deep resorbable



9. Blue®M oxygen gel for stimulation of the healing



14. Two single units in place. Note bulky ridge form



10. Healing after 12 weeks



12. Healing abutment in place and excellent bone formation



11. Second stage surgery at 14 weeks – titanium mesh membrane removal



13. 3 week healing period



17. Final result 2 weeks post fit



Grafting with Titanium Mesh Membrane



15. Prosthetics in place

Female 40 years old

Non-contributary medical history

Trauma and failed root filling UL5. Immediate placement and load with implant repositioned to allow molar unit to close distal gap. EthOss used for both jump gap augmentation and Crestal sinus lift

Case from Dr Dominic O'Hooley, United Kingdom



K Dr Dominic O'Hooley



5. Guide pin showing ideal position for screw retained molar crown



1. Pre-operative CBCT view. UL5 coronal fracture and periapical pathology



3. Extracted socket prior to degranulation with EthOss® Degranulation Burs



2. Occlusal view. See repaired palatal fracture and distal spacing to molar



 Versah lance drill used to reposition osteotomy up distal socket wall allowing implant position for molar unit



7. PEEK cylinder to allow pick up of shell crown



 Radiograph at placement showing repositioning of Inverta (TM) implant, EthOss crestal sinus lift and jump gap augmentation

Trauma and Failed Root Filling UL5



6. Inverta (TM) implant in position with EthOss jump gap augmentation



8. Immediately loaded provisional crown showing ideal screw channel position



10. Impression coping at 4 months

Trauma and Failed Root Filling UL5



11. Another view of coping showing ideal angulation



 Radiograph – crown fitting placement, shows mature bone at crestal lift and jump gap



15. Exceptional bone level at 24 months postimplant placement



12. Fitted definitive zirconia crown showing blanching of soft tissue



14. Radiograph at 24 month review. Stable bone seen



16. Beautifully integrated crown at 24 months

GROW YOしR KNOWLEDGE



Female 55 years old Non-smoker

Mobile post crown, root fracture UL3. Treatment plan: 1. extraction 2. delayed implantation with simultaneous bone augmentation, 3. direct screw-retained zirconia crown

Case from Dr Nicolas Widmer, Switzerland



Dr Nicolas Widmer



1. Initial situation – root fractured UL3



2. Radiograph initial status - post crown



3. Radiograph initial status – root fracture



4. Clinical situation - root fractured



5. Socket post extraction. Decision to raise flap as buccal dehiscence



 Insertion of OSSTEM TS III implant (regular platform)



9. EthOss® bone grafting material is placed



6. Complete removal of granulation tissue with EthOss® Degranulation Burs



8. Implant with cover-screw, implant threads indicating extent of bony defect



 Bone defect filled and modelled with EthOss®, no separate membranes required



11. ePTFE suture, closed site tension-free



12. Radiograph post-op



17. Composite sealed screw channel



13. Situation 10 days post-op, suture removal



14. 12 weeks post-implant placement. Clear increase of the keratinized mucosa



15. Control radiograph with OSSTEM impression post, before impression taking



16. Crown in situ, SilverPlug® in the screw channel to help prevent peri-implantitis



19. Stable, harmonious soft tissue immediately after completion of treatment



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18. Radiograph 13 weeks post-implant placement



Female 68 years old Light smoker

07

UL6 unrestorable due to recurrent caries after previous Endo and CEREC onlay. Extraction confirmed a root fracture was apparent. The peripheral inflammation caused a large bone defect with pronounced buccal fenestration. Immediate implant placed

Case from Dr Oliver Lys, Switzerland



Dr Oliver Lys



1. Radiograph initial presentation. Periapical lesion UL6



2. Bone defect with fenestration after extraction



3. Radiograph after extraction with 5mm reference ball



4. Complete removal of granulation tissue using EthOss® Degranulation Burs



5. Controlling radiograph with parallel pin after initial osteotomy



7. Radiograph after implant placement



9. Closure with single sutures open healing with interrupted sutures trans mucosally

Immediate Implant Placement and Grafting



6. Insertion of OSSTEM TS III implant



8. Bone defect filled (and modelled) with EthOss® bone grafting material



10. Situation with healed site with healing abutment prior to taking impression



11. Ideal soft tissue with visible increase of the grown attached mucosa



12. Filling the screw channel with SilverPlug® to help prevent peri-implantitis



14. Stable harmonious soft tissue at the end of treatment



13. Composite sealed screw channel



16. Radiograph 4 years post-op

Immediate Implant Placement and Grafting



15. Radiograph after completion of treatment shows stable bone situation. 5 months post implant placement

Female 77 years old Non-smoker

Generally fit and well with high blood pressure Medication: Statins + Amlodipine

Patient lost her two remaining teeth in the upper left sextant. 3 unit bridge placed using EthOss sinus lift and custom healing abutments

Case by Dr Stuart Kilner, United Kingdom



💥 Dr Stuart Kilner



5. Primary closure



1. Limited alveolar bone in UL6 region at 5mm



3. Implant placements



2. Limited keratinised gingiva and frenal attachment



4. Buccal veneer and overlay EthOss® bone grafting material



7. Radiograph, 10 weeks later - healed site and well integrated graft



9. Second stage surgery: PEEK cylinders for custom healing abutments

Internal Sinus Lift with Three Unit Bridge Placement



6. Radiograph taken intraoperatively after internal sinus lift UL6



8. Healed ridge



10. Cervico custom abutment fabrication



11. Cervico custom abutment fit



12. Cervico custom abutment and collagen healing cone with cross mattress suture Vicryl 5-0



13. 5 weeks post-op – secondary intention healing evident by new keratinised gingiva interproximal



14. Customised abutment sites, note thick band of keratinised gingiva on the buccal aspect of the implants



15. Splinted customised impression transfers



16. Impression transfers in



17. 3 unit bridge prior to fit



19. 15 weeks post-placement - radiograph taken at fit appointment

Internal Sinus Lift with Three Unit Bridge Placement



18. 3 unit bridge immediately after fit



20. 6 months post op

Male 29 years old Non-smoker

Wanted to have crowns 12-22 renewed. On the OPG we see large cystic lesions

Case from Malte Schaefer, Germany



📕 Malte Schaefer



4. EthOss® bone grafting material placed and sutured immediately



1. Initial presentation with compromised aesthetic appearance



2. Previously OPG with presumed cystic lesions



3. Post extraction



5. CBCT after bone formation

Complex Aesthetic Zone Case with Large Cyst Removal



6. Navigated implant placement with R2GATE



7. Long-term temporary



12. Zirconia crowns



8. Formed papillae



9. Implant exposure with laser



10. Impression posts



11. Zirconia abutments



14. After OPG



16. Before and after intraoral images

Complex Aesthetic Zone Case with Large Cyst Removal



13. Crowns fitted, notice papillae



15. Radiograph 1 year post-op

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Male 39 year old Ex-smoker Dental phobia

Atrophic maxilla Severe loss of periodontal support with extensive bone loss

Case from Dr Riz Syed and Dr Verena Toedtling, United Kingdom



₩ Dr Riz Syed & Dr Verena Toedtling



3. Ridge reduction with implant placements in maxilla showing sufficient implant to bone contact



1. Pre-assessment photograph



2. Panoramic radiograph showing failing dentition in maxilla and mandible



4. Ridge reconstruction with EthOss® bone grafting material in maxilla



5. Immediate implant placements in mandible

Upper Arch Reconstruction with Nazalus Implants



6. Immediate post-operative prosthetic outcome



7. Immediate post-operative prosthetic outcome

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Female 63 years old Non-smoker

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Healthy Non-contributory medica<u>l history</u>

Case from Dr **Ş**tefan Anca, Romania



📕 Dr Ştefan Anca



4. Imperfect healing



1. UL5 requires extraction



3. 12 weeks post extraction of UL5



2. Initial situation



6. Implant in place



8. Graft with EthOss® bone grafting material and decision to place a second implant in the future



5. Post-degranulation



7. 2mm exposed on buccal side; high cover screw on implant



 Sutures, with the EthOss left exposed. No incisions made in periosteum to allow healing by secondary intention

Large Buccal Defect and Thin Ridge Buccal Expansion

Large Buccal Defect and Thin Ridge Buccal Expansion



Covered with Reso Pac resorbable dressing.
This protects the EthOss up to 24 hours



11. 12 weeks post first surgery



12. B-TCP granules still visible at this stage, but between them real vital bleeding bone



13. 1.5mm gain in width



 Second implant: Densah burs used to expand the crest and to avoid perforation of the sinus



15. EthOss bone graft material placed. This is the secondary graft technique



16. Sutured. Almost closed. Note the response of the tissue after the first EthOss graft: Thick keratinized tissue



 High healing cover screw has allowed a minimally invasive uncover of the implants, no sutures needed



20. Final crowns



17. 14 weeks post-surgery



19. Final crowns on implants and remaining teeth – 8 months post-surgical treatment

Female 74 years old Non-s<u>moker</u>

Has controlled diabetes as well as being on Atorvastatin 40 mg

Severe periodontally involved UL6 and 7, wanted posterior teeth to restore occlusion

Case from Dr Peter Fairbairn, United Kingdom





 Radiograph showing placement with a small internal sinus lift and the distal socket graft with EthOss



 Severe periodontal disease with grade 3 mobility, decided to remove



2. Four weeks post extraction showing soft tissue healing and hard tissue loss



3. Radiograph showing bone loss



 AnyRidge® implant was placed into the mesial tri-furcation but the extent of the socket distally meant a socket graft was preferred

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 Another flap raised showing the new buccal plate and regenerated socket at 10 weeks post-op



9. Densification drill is used to lift the sinus lining



6. Healed site 10 weeks post-op, note improved keratinised tissue



8. The osteotomy is now made in the distal site showing bone quality



10. The site is grafted with EthOss® bone grafting material and another AnyRidge® implant placed



 At this stage a healing cap was fitted on the mesial implant and then sutured closed



 An impression was done and the site loaded a week post-op



 Another 4 weeks post-op and site is maturing tissue wise



14. Another 10 weeks post the distal placement. Implant is ready for loading



17. At two years post-loading the hard tissue has now matured nicely and even showed vertical growth between the implants



19. The initial start point showing tissue loss



 Healing cap was fitted and a week post-op the site was ready to restore



16. A pick-up impression post was used





18. Site reviewed two years post-loading, soft tissue now well matured with new papillae formed, even between the two implants



20. Two years loaded showing the hard and soft tissue regeneration, EthOss showing true host regeneration of tissue

Female 46 years old

13

No severe general disorders

Case from Dr Andrei Mostovei, Moldova



Dr Andrei Mostovei **Ö**



2. Intra-oral aspect of soft tissue, moderate amount of keratinized mucosa



1. Preoperative CBCT view with virtual implants placed in desired position – insufficient amount of bone from the buccal side (class B and C-w by Misch).





4. Aspect of the bone block collected from the external oblique lines with piezotome



6. Augmentation with autogenous bone scrapings and collagen sponge below the bone block

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Augmentation with Autogenous Bone Block and EthOss



3. Four corner flap extended to external oblique line to perform bone block taking and transplantation through one wound



5. Fixation of the lamellar bone block in the recipient site with titanium mini-screws



7. EthOss® bone grafting material application with fast, resorbable collagen sponge (Fleece HD)

Augmentation with Autogenous Bone Block and EthOss



 8. Intra-oral view after suturing – using apical mattress, modified mattress and simple node sutures



9. Intra-oral view after 5 months of healing



11. Virtual implant positioning with CBCT aspects



10. Pre-operative CBCT showing integration of the bone block



12. Intra-oral view before implant surgery, visualization of titanium fixation screws



13. Bone evaluation after mucoperiosteal flap reflection



14. Dentium super line implants placed subcrestally, cover screws applied before bone reshaping



15. Bone aspect after reshaping with spherical drill to increase prosthetic space



20. Mature gingival cuff around implants without bleeding



16. Replacement of cover screws with healing abutments of 4.5mm and 5.5mm in diameter



17. Intra-oral aspect after suturing, collagen sponge was applied between healing abutments for secondary intention healing



18. OPG taken after implant placement



19. Intra-oral aspect of healing abutments and mucosa after integration period of 6 weeks

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22. Aspect of the crowns from buccal and occlusal sides

Augmentation with Autogenous Bone Block and EthOss



21. Aspect of the screw retained crowns with attenuated occlusal relief

Female 73 years old Non Smoker

Generally healthy

Case from Dr Mike Ainsworth, United Kingdom



Konstant In the Ainsworth Dr Mike Ainsworth



2. Initial situation



1. Pre-op radiograph



4. Direction check radiograph



6. Implants in place

Suture Tenting Technique with Grafting



3. Flap raised



5. Direction check photograph



 2/0 PDS sutures used to create "dome" to increase graft stability. These sutures will be resorbed



8. EthOss® bone grafting material placed



9. 6x7.0 prolene sutures placed



13. Fit bridge



9. PA radiograph prior to uncovering at 3 months



10. Test fitting of custom abutments



11. Custom abutments in situ



12. Bridge in situ



15. Loaded at 12 months



14. Radiograph – loaded 12 months

Male 67 years old Non-smoker

Generally healthy, expecting poor prognosis teeth removal and missing teeth replacement with implants

Case from Piotr Florczak, Poland



Dr Piotr Florczak



5. Sutured closed PTFE



1. Atraumatic extraction and flap



3. Implants with healing abutments 5.0 / 5mm and EthOss



2. AnyRidge® 4.5 / 10mm implant inserted 40Ncm2



4. A-PRF



7. After 6 weeks



9. Stability reading after 6 weeks 76 ISQ

Mandibular Buccal Defect and Ridge Build Up



6. Postoperative radiograph



8. 6 weeks post removal of the healing screws



10. Impression copings for open tray technique



11. Zirconium crowns



12. Screw retained full Zirconium crowns

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13. Screw retained full Zirconium crowns



14. One year post loading



15. One year post loading



Male 60 years old

Failed anterior 4 unit bridge. Crestal decoronation of the UR3 canine root with periapical radiolucency (PARL), similar on the UL1.

Case by Dr Dominic O'Hooley, United Kingdom



The Dr Dominic O'Hooley



5. After minimally traumatic extractions dehiscence detected UR3



1. Occlusal view showing severe horizontal ridge defect. Mirror view



2. Occlusal CT scan view showing defect



3. Upper right canine pre-operative CT view



4. CT views of defect



7. After first tranche of EthOss® bone grafting material, 1.0cc



6. After Southern Inverta CoAxis implant placement and 2.0 PDS suture horizontal tenting technique



8. First tranche of EthOss 1.0cc



9. 2.0 PDS suture vertical tenting technique



10. Second tranche EthOss 1.0cc



11. Another view – second tranche EthOss 1.0cc



13. Flap closure tension free

Immediate Loading and Placement in the Aesthetic Zone



12. PEEK cylinder placement prior to provisional shell bridge pick up



14. Immediately after fitting provisional bridge



18. CBCT shots at 7 months



15. Two weeks post-op



16. Definitive bridge at 7 months



17. Ridge bulk



20. Excellent bone regeneration on the central incisor



19. Remarkable increase in bony volume

Male 16 years old Non-smoker

Patient suffered a vertical fracture due to trauma. They present with pain on percussion, bleeding and suppuration on probing, PD > 10mm

Case from Dr. Vanessa Suarez Cordoba, Colombia



Dr. Vanessa Suarez Cordoba



4. CBCT findings



1. Initial situation



2. Probing pocket depth – greater than 10mm



5. Atraumatic extraction



3. Preoperative OPG radiograph



6. Curettage and socket management

Large Cystic Site Socket Graft with Associated Histology

Large Cystic Site Socket Graft with Associated Histology



6. Bone grafting of socket with 0.5cc EthOss® bone grafting material



7. Suture with vicryl 6-0 and simple stitches



8. 1 week post-surgery



12. Production of handmade surgical guide



9. 2 weeks post-surgery



10. 1 month post-surgery



11. immediate radiograph vs 1 month after surgery



14. 2nd phase surgery Occlusal view of the ridge





13. 2nd phase surgery 12 weeks post-op

15. Performing biopsy using trephine

Large Cystic Site Socket Graft with Associated Histology

Large Cystic Site Socket Graft with Associated Histology



16. 4.6x10.5 RBT implant (BioHorizons) placed with surgical guide



17. Immediate radiograph



19. Radiograph 1 week post 2nd surgery



18. 1 week post 2nd surgery



20. Radiograph 10 weeks post 2nd surgery



21. Radiograph 15 weeks post 2nd surgery



23. Uncovering surgery and evidence of bone formation



22. Radiograph 4 months post 2nd surgery



24. Healing abutment



Histological results showing new bone formation and replacement by native bone

a - Fiberous connective tissue; b - New trabecular bone; c - Osteocyte



1. 10x



2. 40x



3. 10x



5. 10x



4. 10x



6. 40x

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FROWYOUR EXPERTISE



Female 74 years old Non-smoker

Patient on Ramipril and Statins and is nondiabetic. Vertical fracture of the 46, the lower right 1st molar. There was a large peri-apical area and the tooth was removed with a straight forceps extraction. The site was then allowed to heal for 4 weeks to allow the host macrophages to help clean the infected site

Case from Dr Peter Fairbairn, United Kingdom



💥 Dr Peter Fairbairn



5. Push-in technique with cover screw driver



1. Radiograph initial situation



2. Degranulating site



3. Site degranulated with EthOss® Degranulation Burs



4. Site grafted with EthOss® bone grafting material



7. Sutured closed - left to heal for 4 weeks



9. 10 weeks post-surgery



6. Implant in situ with set EthOss



8. Radiograph at implant and graft placement



10. 10 weeks post-surgery – flap raised showing new host bone



11. Radiograph 10 weeks post surgery



12. Round bur needed to access implant



13. Implant uncovered



14. Cover screw removed



15. Healing cap



16. Loaded 2 weeks post-op



18. Loaded one year

Push-in Case with No Primary Stability and No Bone to Implant Contact



17. Radiograph at loading

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- Dr Verena Toedtling

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